



PTN Conferencing Guidelines

OVERVIEW

Out of hospital referrals to VGH via Patient Transfer Network (PTN) frequently involve poly-traumatized patients requiring 2 or more specialty services to be involved in their care. Appropriate involvement of other affected specialties in the initial PTN conference in order to provide them the opportunity to weigh in on the requirement for VGH-specific care and/or offer guidance pre- and during transfer is often unclear.

GOALS

- 1. Provide clear guidance on when to include other services on a PTN conference call;
- 2. Provide clear guidance on when communication with other services can be delayed until working hours; and
- 3. Provide examples of conditions that do NOT require VGH-specific care

SPECIFICATIONS

Each service will provide specific guidance that will serve as a reference for their involvement in patient care stratified in the following fashion:

- Requires VGH-specific care and service should be involved in initial PTN call
- Requires VGH-specific care and service does not need to be involved in initial PTN call
- Does not require VGH-specific care

MAINTENANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

Maintenance

Guidelines will be reviewed yearly during VGH Trauma Advisory Committee (TAC) meeting.

Distribution

Specialty TAC representatives will be responsible to distribute these guidelines to their respective services.





	Type of Patient						
Specialty	Requires VGH- specific care and service should be involved in initial PTN call	Requires VGH-specific care and service does not need to be involved in initial PTN call	Does not require VGH- specific care	If coming to VGH for other service and has this injury, this service should be involved in initial PTN call	If coming to VGH for other service, this injury does NOT require this service be involved in initial PTN call		
Ortho Trauma							
Burns	Any burn over 10%. Deep burns over 5%. Deep facial and hand burns. Inhalation injury. Electrical injury. excluding arc burns. Chemical burns.		Burns under 30% from Vancouver Island. Burns under 10% from Kelowna and Prince George. Superficial burns under 5%. First degree burns.				
Spine Surgery	Spinal cord injury	Spine fractures without neurological deficits from Vancouver Coastal Health or any	From a trauma perspective, any spine trauma without neurological deficit from	Spinal cord injury	Everything else		





		ankylosing fracture from BC	outside our health region should be managed locally		
Neurosurgery	Intracranial Vascular (arterial) trauma (e.g. carotid- cavernous fistula) Complex head injury requiring Neuro-ICU	None	Any neurosurger y service can manage surgical TBI, consider VGH for complex head injury requiring neuro-ICU	Surgical lesion (SDH or epidural) for OR planning purposes When in doubt, call	Everything else
Cardiac Surgery	Traumatic injury to the thoracic aorta. Penetrating injury to the heart with hemodynamic instability.				
Plastic Surgery	Major Amputations for replantation, Multi-digit replantation, Complex Facial Trauma (GSW,),		Simple facial fractures, simple bone and soft-tissue injuries of the hands or extremities, Chronic		





	Necrotizing soft-tissue infections, Mangled Extremities for attempted salvage		wounds (not resulting in secondary life- threatening infections)		
Vascular Surgery	Traumatic injury to the descending thoracic or abdominal aorta. All major traumatic arterial and venous injuries that are life, limb threatening.				Isolated, mangled extremity.
Trauma Surgery	Hemodynamic ally unstable polytrauma patient from VCH Hemodynamic ally unstable polytrauma patient that requires VGH-specific care for another specialty Mangled extremity	Hemodynami cally stable single system patient with polytrauma mechanism At the discretion of specialty surgeon accepting patient	Only at discretion of accepting surgeon: Hemodynam ically stable single system patient with low risk of other injury based on mechanism	Hemodynamicall y stable polytrauma patient that requires VGH- specific care for another specialty	Only at discretion of accepting surgeon: Hemodynamically stable single system patient with low risk of other injury based on mechanism